

# Markscheme

May 2017

**Biology** 

**Higher level** 

Paper 3

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# Section A

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Q	uestio	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	а	«apical» meristem/shoot apex ✓		1
	b	a. percentage survival is higher with larger diameter galls		
		OR		
		positive relationship ✓		2 max
		b. variation/outlier at the lower diameters ✓	OWTTE	
		c. little variation in survival percentage at highest diameters ✓	OWTTE	
	С	a. directional selection is when an extreme phenotype/characteristic is favoured ✓	OWTTE	
		b. flies that form small galls will be selectively predated ✓	OWTTE – accept vice versa	
		c. over time, flies that produce small galls will become rarer		2 max
		OR		
		mean gall size will increase ✓		

2.	а		no effect with fructose diet but «statistically significant» reduction in control ✓		1
	b		a. effectiveness/effect of leptin depends on diet ✓	OWTTE	
			b. «if obese people have a» high fructose diet, then it will not suppress appetite ✔		2 may
		c. «for obese people with a» control/low fructose diet, then it will suppress appetite ✓			2 max
			d. results for mice may not be the same for humans ✓	OWTTE	
	С	i	adipose/fat tissue ✓		1
		ii	hypothalamus ✓		1

C	uestic	on Answers	Notes	Total
3.	а	xylem ✓		1
	b	a. pressure will decrease ✓		
		b. water volume decreases «in tube» due to evaporation transpiration ✓		2 max
		c. «cohesion/tension of water column» causes increase in air volume «thus air pressure decreases» ✓	OWTTE	
	С			
		Alternative 1		
		humidity: [2 max]		
		a. outline of how independent variable is varied ✓	eg: cover experimental plant«s» with a plastic bag OR mist the experimental plant«s».	
		b. outline of control treatment ✓	eg: control plant«s» is/are not covered/not misted.	
		c. control of other variable«s» ✓	eg: light is kept constant.	2 max
		Alternative 2		
		temperature: [2 max]		
		d. outline of how independent variable is varied ✓	eg: place set-up under/away from heat lamps at different distances.	
		e. outline of control treatment ✓	eg: no heat lamp for control.	
		f. control of other variable«s» ✓	eg: use hygrometer to verify that heat lamp does not change humidity level.	

# **Section B**

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# Option A — Neurobiology and behaviour

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	а	i	a. <i>I</i> : neural groove/plate/fold ✓		
			b. <i>II</i> : ectoderm ✓		2
		ii	a. brain ✓		
			b. spinal cord ✓		2
		iii	spina bifida ✓		1
	b		a. human cortex larger than rat cortex ✓		
			b. human cortex proportionally larger than other brain parts than rat cortex ✓	OWTTE	
			c. surface area «of cortex» larger for humans ✓		2 max
			d. more infolding of the surface of the cerebral cortex in humans ✓		

C	Questio	n Answers	Notes	Total
5.	а	<ul> <li>difference in colour perception:</li> <li>a. cannot distinguish red and green ✓</li> <li>reason:</li> <li>b. green and red cones detect very similar wavelengths</li> </ul>		2
		OR  peak of altered green shifts to the right  OR  range of altered green wider «than normal green» ✓		-
	b	<ul> <li>a. «movement of eardrum and ossicles» causes vibration of cochlear fluid ✓</li> <li>b. hair cells in different position «along the basal membrane» have hair/cilia of different length ✓</li> <li>c. different hair/cilia vibrate at different wavelengths ✓</li> <li>d. «different hair cells send different» nerve signals in the auditory nerve ✓</li> </ul>	OWTTE	3 max

6.	а	a. «cocaine» is an excitatory drug	OWTTE	
		OR		
		excitatory influence on the brain 🗸		
		b. increase the concentration/level of dopamine in the synapse ✓	OWTTE	2 max
		c. prolonged effect/continuous stimulus of dopamine on the brain/postsynaptic neuron ✓		
		d. addiction/dependence on high levels of dopamine for the same effect/addiction ✓		

## (Question 6 continued)

Que	estion	Answers	Notes	Total
k	0	<ul> <li>a. they contribute to memory/learning ✓</li> <li>b. they modulate fast synaptic transmission «in the brain» ✓</li> <li>c. by causing the release of secondary messengers in the postsynaptic neuron ✓</li> </ul>		2 max
C		<ul> <li>a. receptor cell ✓</li> <li>b. sensory neuron passes stimulus ✓</li> <li>c. to interneuron/relay neuron ✓</li> <li>d. which transmit response to motor neuron ✓</li> <li>e. effector ✓</li> </ul>	Award marking points for a clearly annotated diagram.  eg:  Relay neuron Sensory neuron Effector (muscle)	3 max
C	d	olfactory «receptor»  OR		1
		chemoreceptor ✓		•

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e. the claws are best adapted to prey on mussels of this size  $\checkmark$ 

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Question	Answers	Notes	
8.	<ul> <li>first method: [3]</li> <li>a. name of first method ✓</li> <li>b. how the first method works ✓</li> <li>c. what can be learned from the first method ✓</li> <li>second method: [3]</li> <li>d. name of second method ✓</li> <li>e. how the second method works ✓</li> <li>f. what can be learned from the second method ✓</li> </ul>	eg: lesion studies eg: carry out an autopsy eg: relate the position of the lesion to observed changes in behaviour  eg: fMRI eg: inject dye into blood  OR active parts of the brain have dyed blood flowing to them eg: known stimulus activates specific region of the brain that is detected	6
		Allow other verifiable methods.	

## Option B — Biotechnology and bioinformatics

Question		n Answers	Notes	Total
9.	а	a. alkali/base ✓	Do not accept O₂ as air is blown in.	
		<ul><li>b. nutrients ✓</li><li>c. glucose/carbon source ✓</li></ul>		2 max
		d. antibiotic ✓		
		e. nitrogen source ✓		
		f. water ✓		
	b	temperature		
		OR		
		optical density/turbidity		
		OR		1
		oxygen		
		OR		
		CO₂ ✓		

#### (Question 9 continued)

Qı	uestion	n Answers	Notes Total
	С	factor batch	continuous
		a. introduction of nutrients at the beginning all the time ✓	,
		b. collection of products all products at the end/OWTTE small quantities	es throughout/ <i>OWTTE</i> ✓ 2 max
		c. cleaning and sterilization between batches after a long time	me/ <i>OWTTE</i> ✓
		d. contamination ruins only one batch ruins the who	ole production ✓
	d	<ul> <li>a. «genetically modify to» incorporate gene for low/blockage of TPS activity in</li> <li>b. «genetically modify to» incorporate gene that breaks down trehalose-6-pho</li> <li>c. selectively breed A. niger cultures for low/no TPS activity ✓</li> </ul>	

Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
10. a		a. in sterile solution/control there is no degradation of cyanide but there is in the solutions with <i>P. fluorescens</i> ✓	OWTTE	
	b. in solution containing <i>P. fluorescens</i> and sucrose degradation of cyanide higher than without sucrose ✓			2 max
		c. control with sucrose «only» missing to establish causality ✓	OWTTE	
	b	«organic» carbon source «necessary for the reaction to degrade cyanide»		
		OR		1
		sucrose provides the energy source ✓		
	С	<ul> <li>a. bioremediation is the use of organisms to degrade pollution/toxins in the environment ✓</li> </ul>		
		b. <i>P. fluorescens</i> necessary to degrade cyanide which is toxic to the environment ✓	OWTTE	2 max
		c. often involves supplementing with nutrients/carbon source/aeration ✓		

1	1.	a. marker gene inserted into DNA containing target gene ✓		
		b. recombinant DNA «with marker gene and target gene» inserted into cell/organism ✓		
		c. named example of marker and target gene ✓	eg: ampicillin resistance with BT gene for glyphosate resistance	3 max
		d. further details of how the marker gene works ✓	eg: culture cells in ampicillin and if the cell grows into a callus, uptake has occurred	

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Question		Answers	Notes	Total
13.	а	<ul> <li>a. «three» reading frames can occur in either strand ✓</li> <li>b. from 5' «to 3'» ✓</li> <li>c. reading frame can start from any of the first three nucleotides ✓</li> <li>d. from the top strand: GTG or TGA or GAA as first triplet</li> <li>OR</li> <li>from the bottom strand: ATA or TAT or ATT as first triplet ✓</li> </ul>	OWTTE	3 max
	b	start codon/AUG  OR  stop codon/UAA/UAG/UGA ✓		1
	С	<ul> <li>a. use a database ✓</li> <li>b. conduct BLAST search</li> <li>OR</li> <li>BLASTn allows DNA sequence alignment ✓</li> <li>c. «sequence alignment software used» to identify/compare similar sequences in different organisms ✓</li> <li>d. gene function can be studied using model organisms with similar sequences with known function ✓</li> <li>e. BLASTp allows protein alignment</li> <li>OR</li> <li>EST may be used to identify gene activity ✓</li> <li>f. can change sequence and create "knockout" study organism ✓</li> <li>g. changes in phenotype due to knockout procedure allow determination of function ✓</li> <li>h. valid example provided ✓</li> </ul>	OWTTE	6 max

## Option C — Ecology and conservation

Q	uestic	n Answers	Notes	Total
14.	а	reduction in number of species/diversity/richness ✓		1
	b	a. biological control of/reduction in corn pests ✓		
		b. reduction in the use of pesticides ✓		
		c. damage on beneficial species ✓	OWTTE	
		d. reduction in insect diversity can have broad ecosystem negative impact		3 max
		OR		
		example of negative impact ✓		
		e. long-term effects unknown ✓		
	ပ	definition: a. keystone species is one in which presence has a disproportionate impact on ecosystem ✓		
		impact: b. removal often leads to significant changes		2
		OR		
		valid example ✓		

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15.	а	symbiosis/mutualism ✓	1
	b	producers ✓	1
	С	indicator species ✓	1

#### (Question 15 continued)

Qı	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
	d		a. eutrophication is nutrient enrichment of a body of water ✓		
			b. example of nutrients ✓	eg: nitrates	2 max
			c. «nutrients» serve as fertilizer for the algae «promoting growth» ✓		
	е		a. top-down factors refer to predation/herbivory/trophic level above another one ✓		
			b. which limit/control population growth ✓		_
			c. named example of a top-down predator ✓	eg: parrotfish Do not accept general names, like "fish".	2 max

16.	а	the larger the area of the raft, the greater the number of species/diversity  OR		1
		positive relationship/correlation ✓		
	b	<ul> <li>a. «consistent as» the theory of biogeography predicts an increase in diversity with increasing island area ✓</li> <li>b. normally applied to much larger areas ✓</li> <li>c. comparing the Eastern and Western Pacific samples, the same sized areas have significantly different numbers of species ✓</li> <li>d. lack of resources «on plastic raft» may limit number of species</li> </ul>	OWTTE	3 max
		other valid named factors besides area are influencing the number of species ✓		

#### (Question 16 continued)

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
С	a. plastics in the ocean can release toxins ✓		
	b. plastics are directly ingested/consumed ✓		
	c. toxins are absorbed by lower trophic level organisms ✓		
	d. toxins not metabolized by organism		3 max
	OR		
	accumulate in tissues ✓		
	e. toxins concentrated in each successive level up the food chain ✓		
d	a. introduction of pathogens into areas where the pathogen is not found ✓	Only mark the first two concerns written.	
	b. introduced species may become invasive ✓		
	c. animals can choke/become entangled ✓	OWTTE	2 max
	d. any other valid concern		
е	disadvantage:		
	a. biomagnification of DDT	Accept any other valid disadvantage	
	OR		
	thin egg shells in birds of prey		
	OR		2
	kills beneficial/other insects ✔		
	advantage:		
	b. reduction in the levels of the malarial parasite ✓		

Question			Answers		Notes	Total
17.	С	onditions	Tropical rain forest	Taiga		
		Biomass (B)	a. high levels «in biomass»	low levels ✓		
	Nutrient stores	Litter (L)	b. low amounts of nutrient storage in litter	high amounts <b>✓</b>		
	3.0.00	Soil (S)	c. low amounts of nutrient storage in soil	low amounts ✓		
	Nutrient flows	Transfer	d. higher rates «S→B» «L→S»  OR lower rates «B→L»	lower rates «S→B» «L→S»  OR higher rates «B→L» ✓		
		Leaching/run-off/ weathering	e. higher rates «not as high as other flows»	low rate ✓		6 max
			f. higher annual mean <i>OR</i> higher/warmer	lower average annual <i>OR</i> lower/colder ✓		Olliax
	Climate	Temperature	g. average annual temperature greater than 24 °C <i>«allow between 22°C and 26°C»</i>	-10°C <b>or</b> -5°C to 5°C ✓		
		Precipitation	h. high amounts of rainfall  OR  wet/wetter	much less rainfall  OR  dry/dryer ✓		
		•	i. greater than 200 or 250 cm of rainfall annually	20–75 cm annually ✓		

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## Option D — Human physiology

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
18.		a. determine the initial and final/change in mass of the food sample ✓		
		b. determine initial and final/change in temperature of water ✓		
		c. ignite sample and place burning sample under a known volume/mass of water ✓		3 max
		d. energy content is determined using formula ∆T × mass of water × specific heat capacity of water ✓		
		e. divide energy of water by mass of the food sample ✓	OWTTE	

19.	а	a. «supported» as «all» structures smaller for anorexia ✓		
		b. «not supported as» overlap in error bars ✓		
		c. may not be reliable because of small sample ✓		3 max
		d. other conditions unknown ✓	OWTTE	
		e. correlation does not necessarily establish causality ✓	OWTTE	

#### (Question 19 continued)

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
b i	<ul> <li>a. hypokalemia has a flat T-wave whereas hyperkalemia has a heightened T-wave OR hypokalemia S-T interval longer ✓</li> <li>b. hypokalemia has narrower/faster QRS complex compared to hyperkalemia ✓</li> <li>c. hypokalemia trace/baseline «overall» lower than hyperkalemia ✓</li> </ul>	OWTTE  Accept vice versa  Accept vice versa  Accept vice versa	2 max
ii	<ul> <li>a. arrival of signal at AV node ✓</li> <li>b. transmission via conducting fibres/bundle of His/Purkinje fibres ✓</li> <li>c. ventricles depolarize ✓</li> <li>d. atrioventricular valves close OR semilunar valves open ✓</li> <li>e. ventricular systole/contraction ✓</li> <li>f. contraction begins at apex/base ✓</li> </ul>		3 max
iii	<ul> <li>a. use a defibrillator ✓</li> <li>b. place electrodes on exposed chest of victim ✓</li> <li>c. in a line with the heart in the middle of a diagonal line between the two paddles ✓</li> <li>d. the device determines whether fibrillation is happening ✓</li> <li>e. if it is, an electric discharge is given off to restore a normal heart rhythm ✓</li> </ul>		3 max
iv	around 7.4 <b>or</b> 7.35 to 7.45 ✓		1

## (Question 19 continued)

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
v	a. increased CO₂ lowers blood pH ✓		
	b. chemoreceptors in carotid/aorta detect lower pH ✓		
	c. signal/impulses to medulla «oblongata»		
	OR		3 max
	signal/impulses to respiratory centre ✓		
	d. «from medulla/respiratory centre» to intercostal muscles/diaphragm ✓		
	e. ventilation rate increase occurs to expel CO₂ ✓		

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20.	a. <i>V. cholerae</i> produces toxin ✓		
	b. «toxin» causes ions to be pumped into «small» intestine ✓		
	c. drawing water into the intestine ✓		
	d. through osmosis ✓	3 n	max
	e. leading to water loss through diarrhea/vomiting		
	OR		
	leading to dehydration ✓		

	$\gamma$	
_	22	_

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
21.		a. Kupffer cells phagocytose/engulf the erythrocytes ✓		
		b. hemoglobin is split into heme group and globins ✓	• • •	
		c. globins hydrolyzed to peptides/amino acids ✓		3 max
		d. heme group separated into iron and bilirubin ✓		

22.	a. receptors are proteins ✓	
	steroid hormones: [3 max]	
	b. steroid hormones cross plasma membrane ✓	
	c. bind to receptor «proteins» in the cytoplasm of the target cell ✓	
	d. to form a receptor–hormone complex ✓	
	e. «the receptor–hormone complex» promotes the transcription of specific genes ✓	6 max
	peptide hormones: [3 max]	
	f. peptide hormones bind to receptors in the plasma membrane of the target cell ✓	
	g. binding of hormones to «membrane» receptors activates a cascade of reactions ✓	
	h. mediated by a second messenger inside the cell ✓	
	i. such as cAmp <b>or</b> Ca²⁺ calmodulin <b>✓</b>	